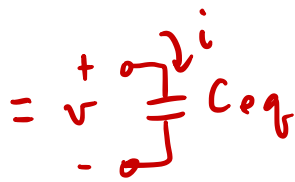
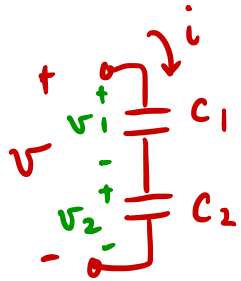


# Series and Parallel Connections

$$i = C \frac{dV}{dt}$$



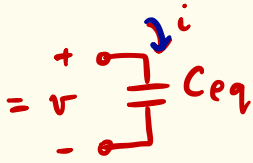
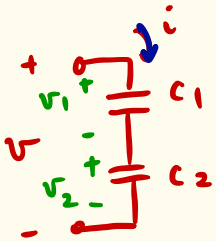
$$v = v_1 + v_2 = \frac{1}{c_1} \cdot \int_{t_0}^t i d\tau + v_1(t_0) + \frac{1}{c_2} \int_{t_0}^t i d\tau + v_2(t_0)$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{c_1} + \frac{1}{c_2} \right) \cdot \int_{t_0}^t i d\tau + \underbrace{[v_1(t_0) + v_2(t_0)]}$$

$$= \frac{1}{c_{eq}} \cdot \int_{t_0}^t i d\tau + \sum v_n(t_0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{c_{eq}} \cdot \int_{t_0}^t i d\tau + v(t_0)$$

$$c_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c_1} + \frac{1}{c_2}}, \quad \underline{v(t_0)} = \sum v_n(t_0) = v_1(t_0) + v_2(t_0)$$

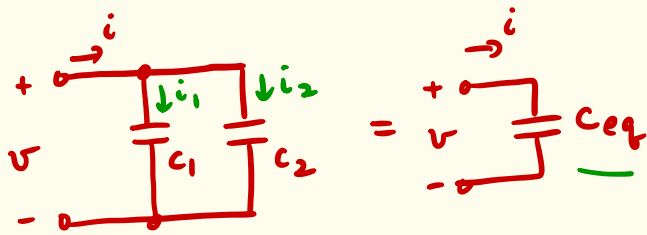


$$Q = \int_{-\infty}^t i(\tau) d\tau$$

$$Q_1 = Q_2 = Q, \quad Q = C \cdot V$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 \cdot V_1 = C_2 \cdot V_2$$

$$V = V_1 + V_2 = \frac{Q}{C_1} + \frac{Q}{C_2} = \frac{Q}{C_{eq}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad C_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} i &= i_1 + i_2 = C_1 \frac{dV}{dt} + C_2 \frac{dV}{dt} \\ &= C_{eq} \cdot \frac{dV}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 = C_{eq}$$

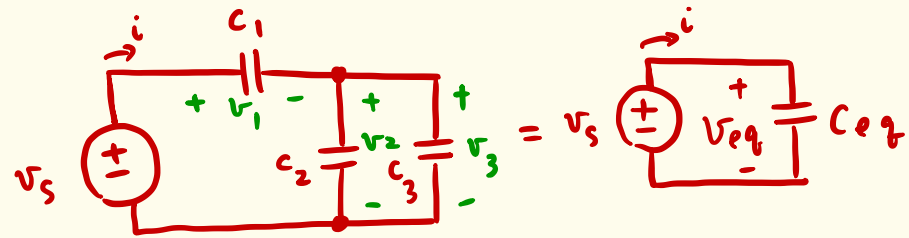
$$i = i_1 + i_2$$

$$\Rightarrow Q = Q_1 + Q_2$$

$$C_{eq} \cdot V = C_1 \cdot V + C_2 \cdot V$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{eq} = C_1 + C_2$$

Example.  $C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 2 \text{ mF}$ ,  $v_1(0) = 10 \text{ V}$ ,  $v_2(0) = v_3(0) = 20 \text{ V}$ , Find  $C_{eq}$



$$C_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2 + C_3}} = \frac{4}{3} \text{ mF}$$

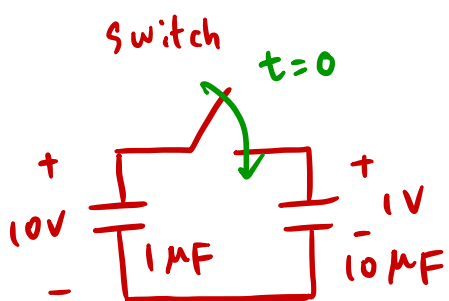
$$v_{eq}(0) = v_1(0) + v_2(0) = 10 + 20 = 30 \text{ V}$$



# Charge Sharing in Capacitors

$$E = \frac{1}{2} C v^2$$

- $C_1 = 1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_2 = 10 \mu\text{F}$  and  $v_1 = 10 \text{ V}$ ,  $v_2 = 1 \text{ V}$
- How much energy is stored before the switch is closed?
- How much energy is **lost** during the switch closure?



$$1. \quad E_1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \mu \cdot 10^2 = 50 \mu\text{J}$$

$$E_2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 \mu \cdot 1^2 = 5 \mu\text{J}$$

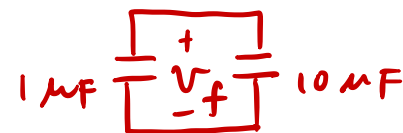
$$E_{\text{total}} = E_1 + E_2 = 55 \mu\text{J}$$

2.  $Q$  is the same before  $t=0$  and after  $t=0$ .

$$Q = 1 \mu \cdot 10 + 10 \mu \cdot 1 = 1 \mu \cdot V_f + 10 \mu \cdot V_f$$

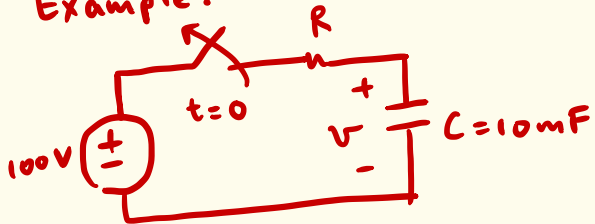
$$\Rightarrow V_f = \frac{20}{11} \text{ V}$$

$$E_{\text{total}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \mu \cdot V_f^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 \mu \cdot V_f^2 = 18.2 \mu\text{J}$$



$$3. \quad \text{Loss} = 55 \mu - 18.2 \mu = 36.8 \mu\text{J}$$

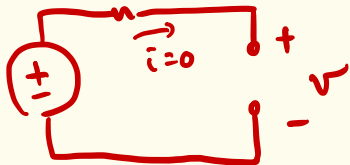
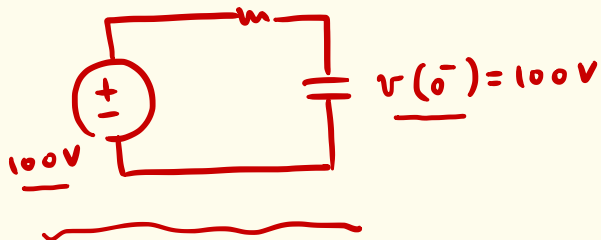
Example.



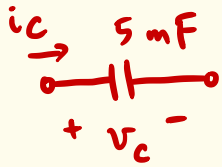
Find  $V$  and the energy stored in the capacitor at  $t=0^+$ .  $t=0^-$

#  $V(0^+) = V(0^-) = 100 \text{ V}$

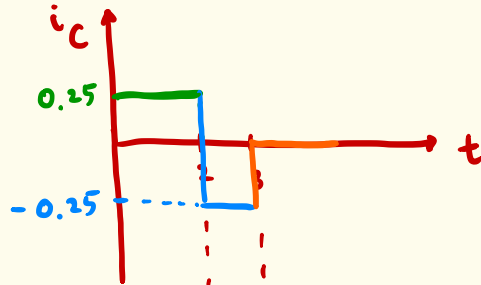
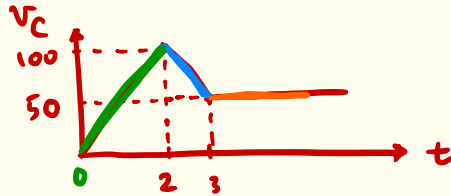
$$E = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 \text{ m} \cdot 100^2 = 50 \text{ J}$$



Example.



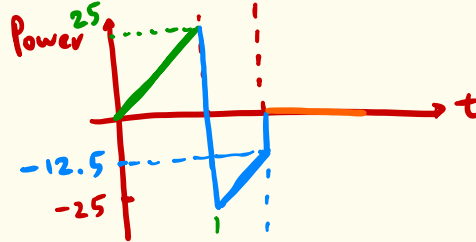
Given  $v_c$ . plot  $i_c$ , power, energy.



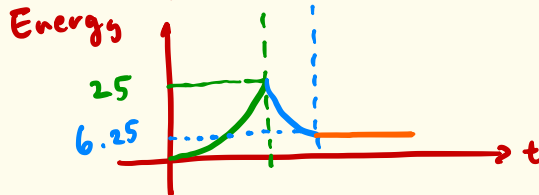
$$i_c = 5m \cdot \frac{dv_c}{dt}$$

$$= 5m \cdot \frac{100}{2} = 0.25$$

$$5m \cdot \frac{-50}{1} = -0.25$$



$$p = v \cdot i$$



$$E = \int p dt$$

$$0 < t < 2$$

$$E = \int_0^t 12.5t dt$$

$$= \frac{12.5}{2} t^2$$