

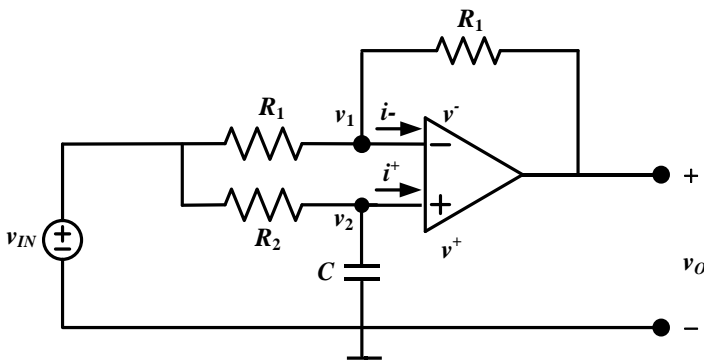
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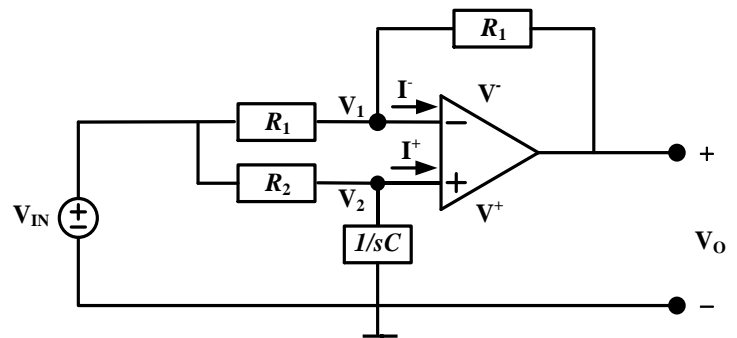
For the active filter circuit along with its impedance model (where  $s$  is a shorthand notation for  $j\omega$ ) as shown in the following figures,

- (a) Write down the node equations for  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  of the impedance model.
- (b) Simplify these equations from (a) by using the ideal Op Amp assumptions in the impedance model, that is,  $V^- \approx V^+$  and  $I^- = I^+ \approx 0$ .
- (c) Find the transfer function  $H(j\omega) = V_O(j\omega)/V_{IN}(j\omega)$  for this circuit from (b).
- (d) Is this RC active filter a low-pass, high-pass, all-pass or bandpass filter?

(1) Circuit



(2) Impedance model



(a)

Node  $V_1$  :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_{IN}}{R_1} + \frac{V_1 - V_O}{R_1} + I^- = 0$$

Node  $V_2$  :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_{IN}}{R_2} + I^+ + \frac{V_2}{1/sC} = 0$$

(b)

The ideal Op Amp assumptions,  $V_2 = V^- = V^+ \approx 0$  and  $I^- = I^+ \approx 0$

Node  $V_1$  :

$$V_1 = \frac{V_O + V_{IN}}{2}$$

Node  $V_2$  :

$$V_2 = \frac{V_{IN}}{1 + sR_2C}$$

(c)

$$V_1 = V_2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{V_{IN} + V_O}{2} = \frac{V_{IN}}{1 + sR_2C}$$

$$\rightarrow \mathbf{H}(j\omega) = \frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{1 - sR_2C}{1 + sR_2C}$$

(d)

$$|\mathbf{H}| = \frac{\sqrt{1^2 + (\omega RC)^2}}{\sqrt{1^2 + (\omega RC)^2}} = 1$$

All-pass filter

(a) Node  $V_1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_,

Node  $V_2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_,

(b) Node  $V_1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_,

Node  $V_2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_,

(c)  $\mathbf{H}(j\omega) =$  \_\_\_\_\_,

(d) \_\_\_\_\_.