

電路學(EE2210)第三次隨堂考

2015年3月25日

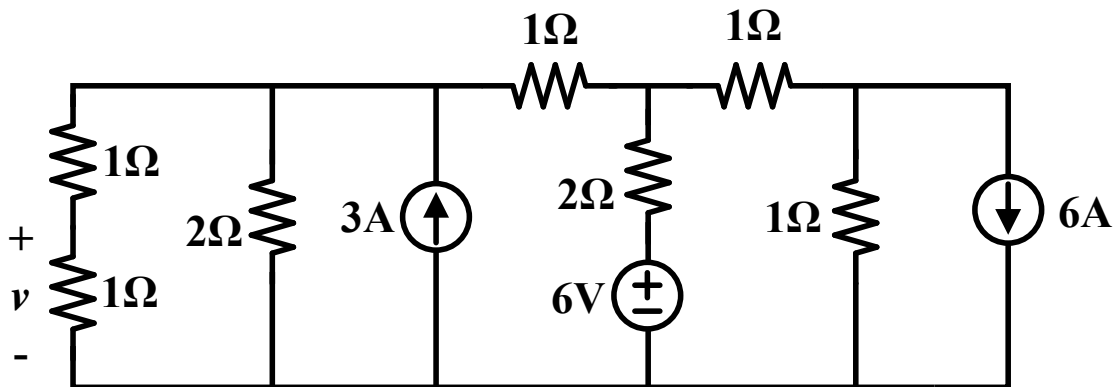
時間：10 分鐘

Close Book

學號： \_\_\_\_\_

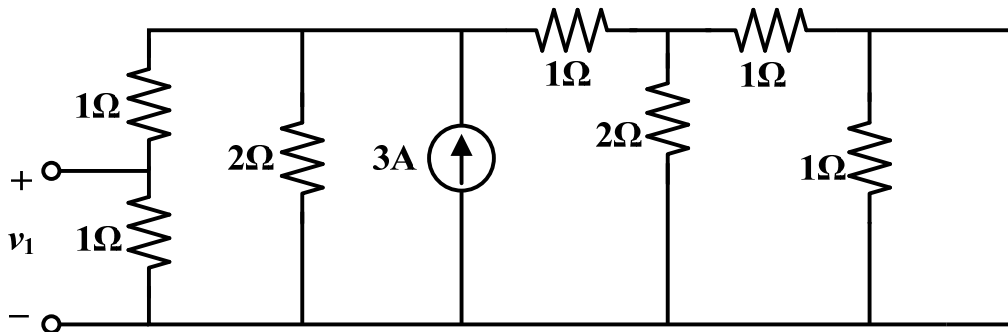
姓名： \_\_\_\_\_

Find the voltage  $v$  of the following network by superposition.



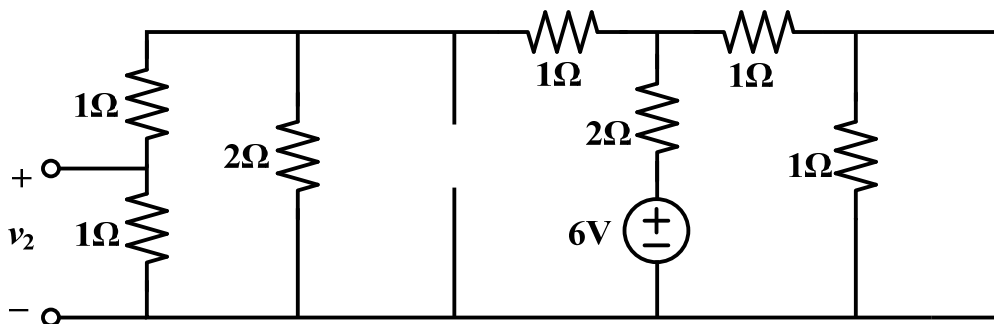
Solutions:

(i) With the action of the 3A current source only, the circuit reduced to the following:



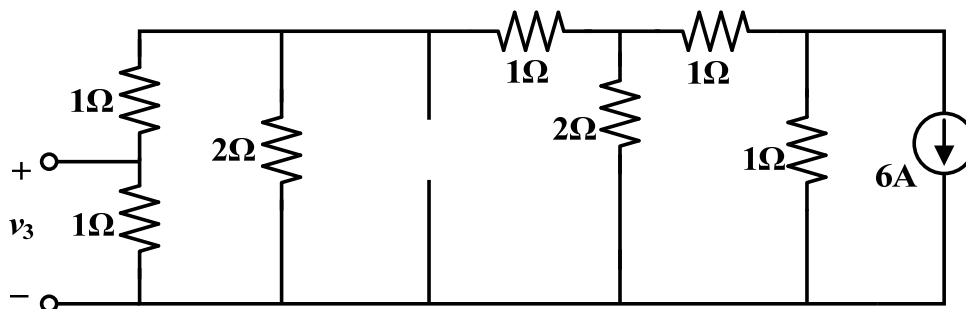
The  $v_{3A}$  can be found as  $v_{3A} = 3 \times \frac{2}{1+2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 1 = 1V$

(ii) With the action of the 6V voltage source only, the circuit reduced to the following:



The  $v_{6V}$  can be found as  $v_{6V} = 6 \times \frac{1}{1+2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 1 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ V}$

(iii) With the action of the **6A** current source only, the circuit reduced to the following:



The  $v_{6A}$  can be found as  $v_{6A} = (-6) \times \frac{1}{1+2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 1 = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \text{ V}$

By using superposition, the voltage  $v$  is simply the sum of above three results.

$$\Rightarrow v = v_{3A} + v_{6V} + v_{6A} = 1\text{V}$$

$v =$  \_\_\_\_\_.