

學號： \_\_\_\_\_

姓名： \_\_\_\_\_

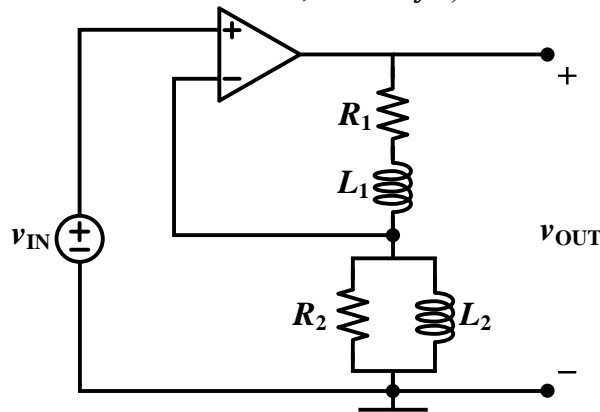
For the circuit as shown,

(a) Determine the transfer function  $\mathbf{H}(j\omega) = \mathbf{V}_{\text{out}}(j\omega)/\mathbf{V}_{\text{in}}(j\omega)$  in terms of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $L_1$ , and  $L_2$ .

(b) Find  $\mathbf{H}(j\omega)$  at low frequency ( $\omega \rightarrow 0$ ).

(c) Find  $\mathbf{H}(j\omega)$  at high frequency ( $\omega \rightarrow \infty$ ).

(d) For a special case with  $R_1 = R_2 = R$  and  $L_1 = L_2 = L$ , Find  $\mathbf{H}(j\omega)$  when  $\omega = R/L$ .



Solution:

(a)

$$\mathbf{V}_{\text{out}} = \mathbf{V}_{\text{in}} + \left[ \left( \frac{\mathbf{V}_{\text{in}}}{R_2 \parallel j\omega L_2} \right) \times (R_1 + j\omega L_1) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{H}(j\omega) = \frac{\mathbf{V}_{\text{out}}}{\mathbf{V}_{\text{in}}} = 1 + \left( \frac{R_1 + j\omega L_1}{R_2 \parallel j\omega L_2} \right) = 1 + \left[ \frac{(R_1 + j\omega L_1)(R_2 + j\omega L_2)}{j\omega L_2 R_2} \right] = 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} + \frac{L_1}{L_2} + \frac{j\omega L_1}{R_2} + \frac{R_1}{j\omega L_2}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} + \frac{L_1}{L_2} + j \left( \frac{\omega L_1}{R_2} - \frac{R_1}{\omega L_2} \right)$$

(b)

$$\mathbf{H}(j\omega) \Big|_{\omega \rightarrow 0} = -j \frac{R_1}{\omega L_2}$$

(c)

$$\mathbf{H}(j\omega) \Big|_{\omega \rightarrow \infty} = j \frac{\omega L_1}{R_2}$$

(d)

When  $R_1 = R_2 = R$ ,  $L_1 = L_2 = L$ ,

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{H}(j\omega) \Rightarrow \mathbf{H}(j\omega) = 1 + 1 + 1 + j \left( \frac{\omega L}{R} - \frac{R}{\omega L} \right)$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{H}(j\omega) \Big|_{\omega = \frac{R}{L}} = 3$$