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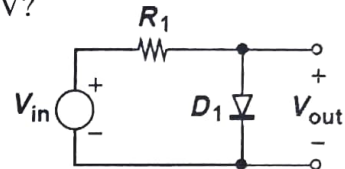
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**Part 1: Single Choice Questions (50%)**

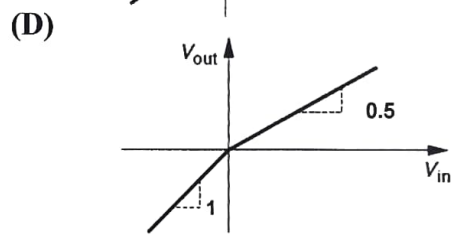
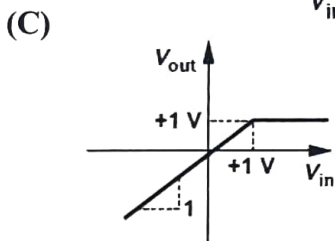
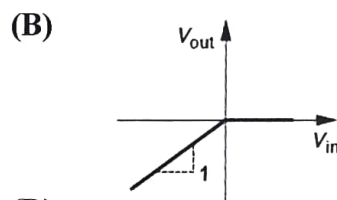
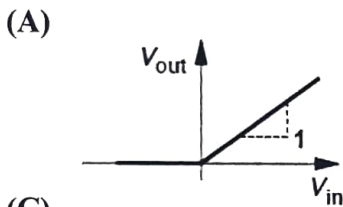
For the following four questions, please choose "one" the most appropriate answer.

(A) 1. What is the diode current in the circuit below at  $V_{in} = -1V$ ,  $R_1 = 2k\Omega$ , use constant voltage model for  $D_1$ , with  $V_{D,on} = 0.8V$ ,  $V_T = 26mV$ ?

- (A) 0mA
- (B) 0.9mA
- (C) 1.8mA
- (D) 2.6mA

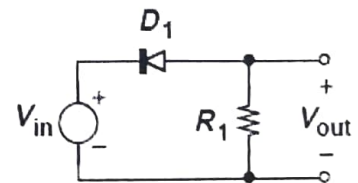
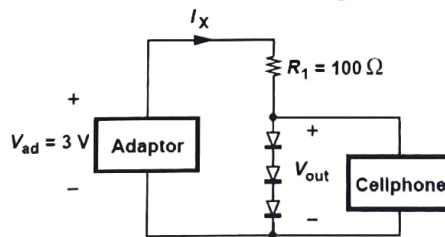


(B) 2. For a circuit in question 1, assume **ideal diode model**, which is its input/output characteristics?

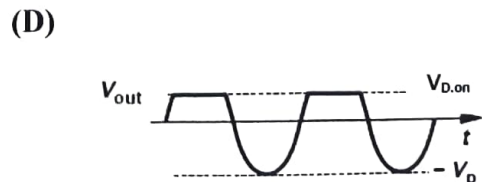
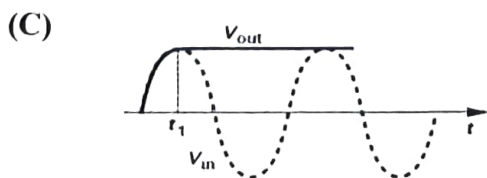
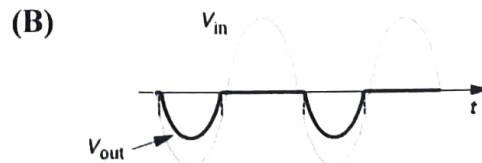
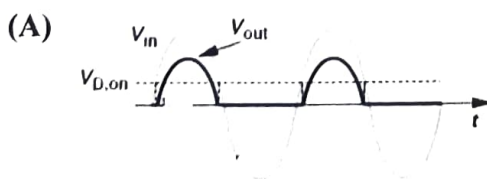


(D) 3. Following figure is a regulator with all identical diodes of  $V_{D,on} = 0.8V$ ,  $V_T = 26mV$ . Which answer is closest to the small signal resistance,  $r_d$ , of the diodes?

- (A)  $0\Omega$
- (B)  $4\Omega$
- (C)  $6\Omega$
- (D)  $10\Omega$



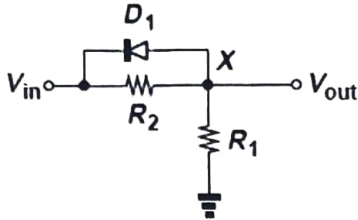
(B) 4. Which the correct response for the circuit on the right?



**Part 2: Multiple Choice Questions (50%)**

Please choose the most appropriate answers. 12.5 points for exact correct answers and 7 points for one wrong choice, 0 points for more than two wrong choices.

(BDE) 5. For the circuit below, assume  $V_{D,on}=0.8V$ ,  $V_{in}$  ranges from  $-3V$  to  $3V$ , and  $R_1=R_2$ , which are true?

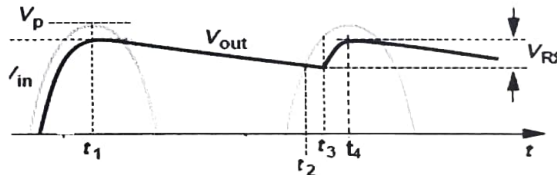
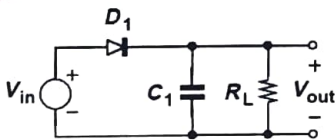


- (A)  $D_1$  is on when  $V_{in}=3V$
- (B)  $D_1$  is off when  $V_{in}=0V$
- (C) When  $V_{in}>0$ , the slope of  $V_{out}(V_{in}) = 1$
- (D)  $V_{out}=0V$  when  $V_{in}=0V$
- (E) Turning point in its input/output characteristic curve is at  $V_{in}=-0.8V$

(BDE) 6. Choose the **Correct** statements about the small signal analysis.

- (A) Small signal analysis can be applied for any kind of circuit operation.
- (B) Small signal analysis bases on the technique of linear approximation.
- (C) In small signal analysis a diode can be modeled as a resistor with its value  $I_S/V_T$ .
- (D) To get good accuracy, the "small signal" voltage across the diode  $\Delta V_D$  has to be much smaller than  $V_T$ .
- (E) We have to carefully estimate the "small signal range" to make sure the precision of small signal analysis.

(ABD) 7. Choose the **Correct** statements for the rectifier circuit and its response below.



- (A)  $D_1$  is off between  $t_1$  to  $t_3$
- (B) Charging time is less than  $1/4$  of a period
- (C) For  $t = t_3 \sim t_4$ ,  $i_{C1} + i_{RL} = 0$
- (D)  $V_{out}$  increases as charge in  $C_1$  increases.
- (E)  $D_1$  experiences a maximum reverse-bias voltage at  $t=t_2$ .

(ABE) 8. For a half-wave rectifier below with a filter capacitor  $C_1$ , and input signal frequency  $f$ . Assume an ideal diode is used, and rectifier connected to constant loading current of  $I_L$ . Which statements are **Correct**?

- (A) Ripple voltage increase with  $I_L \uparrow$
- (B) Ripple voltage decrease with  $f \uparrow$
- (C) Ripple voltage increase with  $C_1 \uparrow$
- (D) Capacitor is charge up by  $I_L$
- (E) Charge on  $C_1$  increases when  $D_1$  is on

