

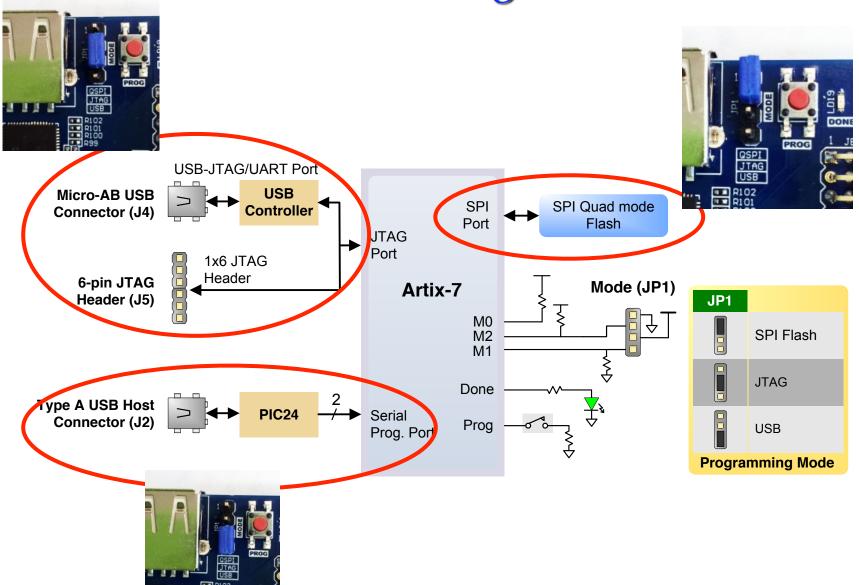
Keyboard

Hsi-Pin Ma

http://lms.nthu.edu.tw/course/43639
Department of Electrical Engineering
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FPGA Configuration

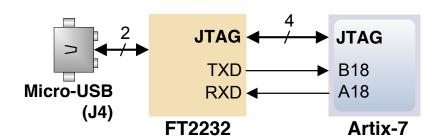




USB-UART Bridge (Serial Port)

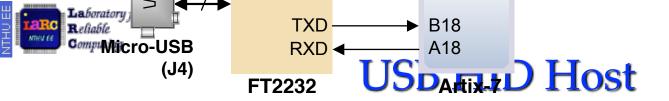
FTDI FT2232HQ

- Allow to use PC applications to communicate with the board using standard Windows COM port commands
 - Virtual Com Port convert USB packets to UART/serial port data
 - Serial port data is exchanged with the FPGA using a two-wire serial port (TXD/RXD)



Hsi-Pin Ma

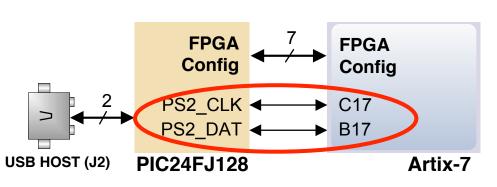
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- USB HID (Human Interface Device) host capability
 - Aux function microcontroller (Microchip PIC24FJ128)
- PIC24FJ128 function
 - Power-up: configuration mode
 - After programmed: application mode (USB HID Host mode)

Do not support Hub. Only a single mouse or a single keyboard

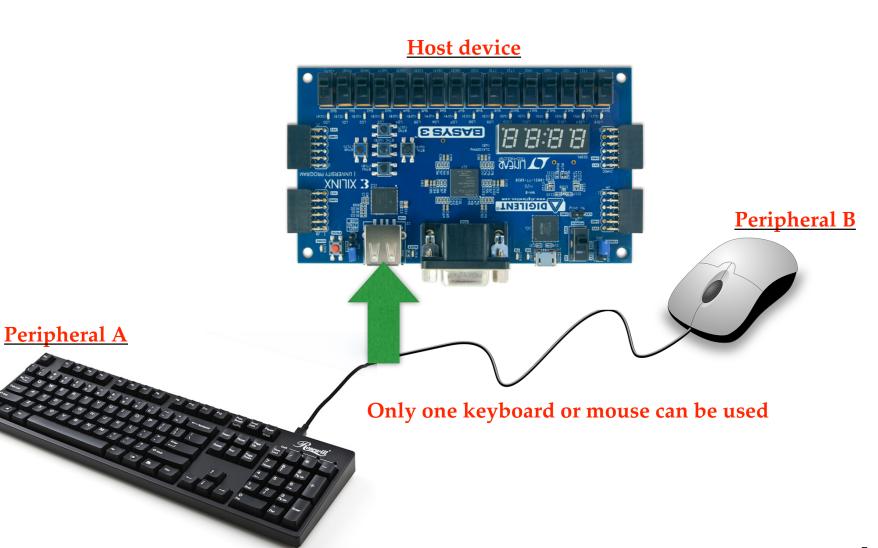
can be used (standard PS/2 interface)







USB HID Host



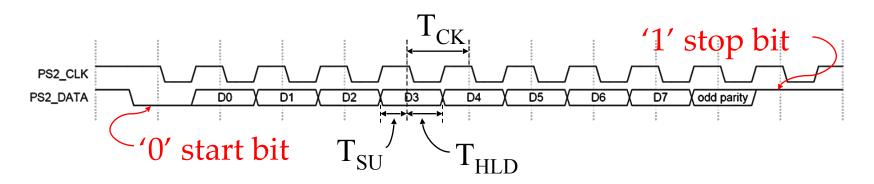
Hs



HID Controller

• 11-bit words protocol

start bit, data byte (LSB first), odd parity, stop bit



Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max
T_CK	Clock time	30us	50us
T_{SU}	Data-to-clock setup time	5us	25us
T_{HID}	Clock-to-data hold time	5us	25us



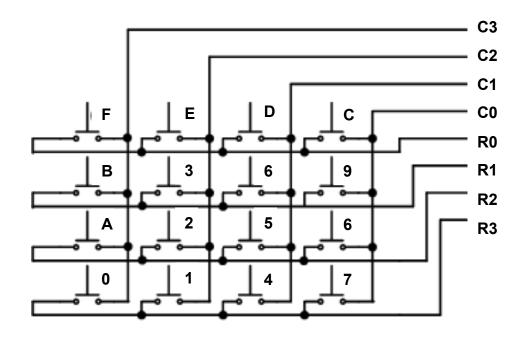
4x4 Keypad

row scan (掃到變0) • Keypad scan

r: row, c: column (c default = 1)



因為row一直掃描,所以就算一直按著,要 4clock才偵測到



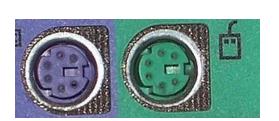
按鍵被按下會有一條迴路接地到0

16個按鍵用RC表示, ex: B is R1C3, 當被按時RC都為0



PS/2-style Keyboard Operation

- Use *scan codes* to communicate key press data
 - Each key is assigned a code
 - If the key is held down, the scan code will be sent repeatedly about once every 100ms.
 - When a key is released, an F0 key-up code is sent, followed by the scan code of the released key.
 - Some keys (right Ctrl, right Alt, ...), called extended keys, send an E0 ahead of the scan code.

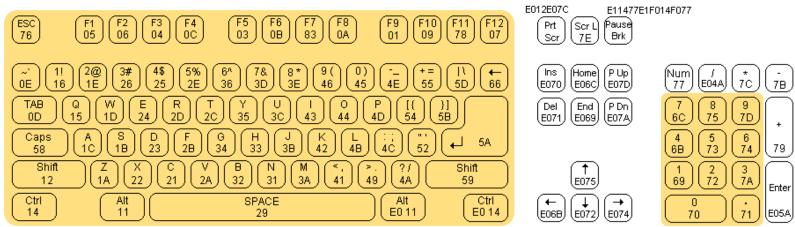


Example PC compatible (IBM PS/2) scancodes

key	set 1 (IBM PC XT)		set 2 (IBM PC AT)		set 3 (IBM 3270 PC)	
Key	press	release	press	release	press	release
A (normal letter)	1E	9E	1C	F0 1C	1C	FØ 1C
Return / Enter (main keyboard)	1C	9C	5A	FØ 5A	5A	FØ 5A
Enter (numeric keypad)	E0 1C	EØ 9C	E0 5A	E0 F0 5A	79	FØ 79
Left Windows key	E0 5B	EØ DB	E0 1F	E0 F0 1F	8B	FØ 8B
Right Windows key	E0 5C	E0 DC	E0 27	E0 F0 27	8C	F0 8C



PS/2 Keyboard Scan Code



We only use the yellow parts of the keyboard.

Extend Code	Break Code	Make code		
E0	F0	XX		

(means "release")

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	E012E07C E11477E1F014F077 Pt Scr L Pause Brk Brk
(a) 1! (2@) (3#) (4\$) (5%) (6^ 7& 8 * 9 (0) (- += 1 \ 1 \ ← 16 (1E) (28) (25) (2E) (36) (3D) (3E) (46) (45) (- += 1 \ 1 \ ← 16 (1E) (28) (25) (2E) (36) (3D) (43) (44) (45) (- += 1 \ 1 \ ← 16 (1E) (28) (28) (28) (34) (32) (43) (44) (44) (45) (45) (45) (45) (45) (45	Ins Home P Up Num / 7C 7B
Shift 12 1A 22 21 2A 32 31 3A 41 49 4A 59 Ctrl 14 11 SPACE Alt E0 11 Ctrl	$ \begin{array}{c c} & \uparrow \\ \hline & 69 \\ \hline & 72 \\ \hline & 7A \\ \hline & 69 \\ \hline & 71 \\ \hline & 605 \\ \hline & 71 \\ \hline & 605 \\ \hline & 71 \\ \hline & 605 \\ \hline & 605 \\ \hline & 71 \\ \hline $

L Alt press			11
L Alt release		F0	11
R Alt press	E0		11
R Alt release	E0	F0	11

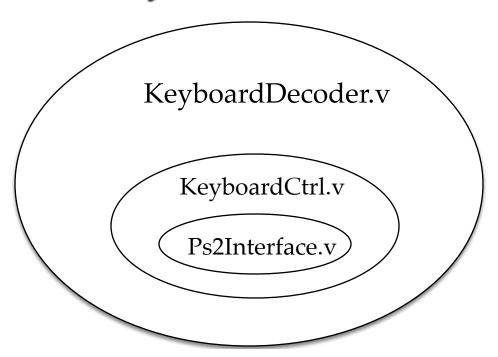


PS/2-style Keyboard Operation

- A host device can also send data to the keyboard
- The keyboard can send data to the host only when both the data and clock lines are high (or idle)
 - If the host drive the clock line low, the keyboard must not send any data until the clock is released.
- The keyboard generates 11 clock transitions (at 20 to 30 KHz) when the data is sent, and data is *valid on the falling edge* of the clock.
- When a keyboard or a mouse is connected to the Basys3, a "self-test passed" command (0xAA) is sent to Basys3
- A Read ID command for Basys 3 is used to identify what kind of device is connected
 - Keyboard: 0xFA -> 0xAA



KeyboardDecoder



Inout:

PS2_DATA, PS2_CLK rst (high active reset) clk (100MHz)

透過last_change跟key_valid檢查哪個按鍵剛剛被動過,再檢查key_down是按下去還是放開

Outputs:

last_change [8:0]

extend code make code

key_down [511:0]: address of the key pressed

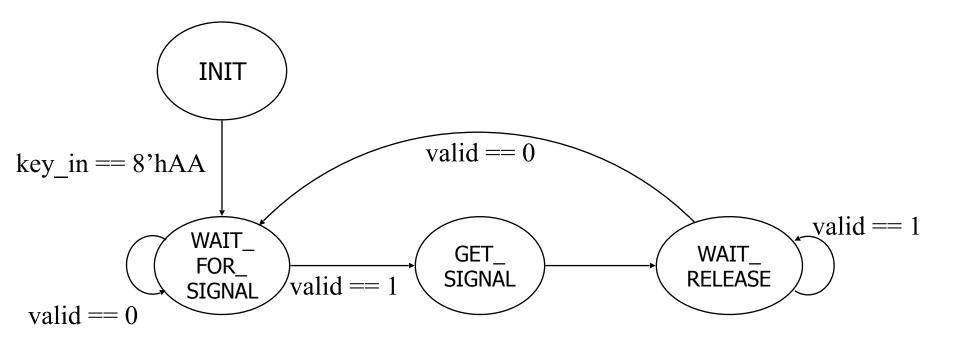
9-bit有512種

key_valid: high for 1 clock period (100MHz) when a key is pressed or released



KeyboardDecoder

FSM in the decoder





For Lab9

- Use KeyboardDecoder to get the codes of pressed key
- Remember to add three .v files into your projects
 - Ps2Interface.v
 - KeyboardCtrl.v
 - KeyboardDecoder.v