

Homework 6 Solution

1. (55%)

(1) $x(t) = e^{-t}u(t+4)$

$$\begin{aligned} X(s) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-t}u(t+4)e^{-st} dt = \int_{-4}^{\infty} e^{-t}e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_{-4}^{\infty} e^{-t(1+s)} dt = \left. \frac{-e^{-t(1+s)}}{1+s} \right|_{-4}^{\infty} = \frac{e^{4(1+s)}}{1+s}, \quad \text{Re}\{s+1\} > 0 \Rightarrow \text{ROC} : \text{Re}\{s\} > -1 \end{aligned}$$

(2) $x(t) = \sin(t)u(t)$

$$\begin{aligned} X(s) &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{2j}(e^{jt} - e^{-jt})e^{-st} dt = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{2j}e^{t(j-s)} dt - \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{2j}e^{-t(j+s)} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{2j} \left(\frac{-1}{j-s} - \frac{1}{j+s} \right) = \frac{1}{1+s^2} \\ \text{Re}\{j-s\} < 0 \text{ and } \text{Re}\{j+s\} > 0 &\Rightarrow \text{ROC} : \text{Re}\{s\} > 0 \end{aligned}$$

2. $X(s) = \frac{-s-4}{s^2+3s+2} = \frac{-3}{s+1} + \frac{2}{s+2}$

(1) With ROC $\text{Re}\{s\} < -2$

Left-sided: $x(t) = (3e^{-t} - 2e^{-2t})u(-t)$. (15%)

(2) With ROC $\text{Re}\{s\} > -1$

Right-sided: $x(t) = (-3e^{-t} + 2e^{-2t})u(t)$. (15%)

(3) With ROC $-2 < \text{Re}\{s\} < -1$

Two-sided: $x(t) = 3e^{-t}u(-t) + 2e^{-2t}u(t)$. (15%)