Homework No. 8 Due 10:10 am, June 6, 2006

1. For the following integral, specify the value of the real parameter σ which ensure that the integral converges: (5%)

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-10|t|} e^{-(\sigma+j\omega)t} dt.$$

2. Determine the **bilateral** Laplace transform and ROC for the following signals:

(1)
$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t+3)$$
 (7%)

(2)
$$x(t) = \sin(t)u(t)$$
 (8%)

3. Use the tables of transforms and properties to determine the time signals that correspond to the following **bilateral** Laplace transforms:

(1)
$$X(s) = e^{5s} \frac{1}{s+3}$$
 with ROC Re $\{s\} < -3$ (7%)

(2)
$$X(s) = s^{-1} \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{e^{-3s}}{s} \right)$$
 with ROC Re $\{s\} > 0$ (8%)

4. Use the method of partial fractions to determine the time signal corresponding to the following **bilateral** Laplace transform:

$$X(s) = \frac{2s^2 + 2s - 2}{s^2 - 1}$$

- (1) With ROC Re $\{s\} < -1$ (5%)
- (2) With ROC $Re\{s\} > 1$ (5%)
- (3) With ROC $-1 < \text{Re}\{s\} < 1$ (5%)

5.

(1) A system has the indicated transfer function H(s). Determine the impulse response, assuming (a) that the system is causal and (b) that the system is stable. (8%)

$$H\left(s\right) = \frac{2s-1}{s^2 + 2s + 1}$$

(2) A stable system has the indicated input x(t) and output y(t). Use Laplace transforms to determine the transfer function and impulse response of the system. (7%)

$$x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t), y(t) = -2e^{-t}u(t) + 2e^{-3t}u(t)$$

6. Determine the unilateral Laplace transform of the following signals, using the

defining equation:

(1)
$$x(t) = u(t) - u(t-10)$$
 (7%)

(2)
$$x(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(\pi t), & 0 < t < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (8%)

- 7. Given the transform pair $x(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{2s}{s^2 + 2}$, where x(t) = 0 for t < 0, determine the Laplace transform of the following time signals: (20%)
 - (1) x(t-3)

 $(4) e^{-2t}x(t)$

(2) x(3t)

 $(5) \qquad \int_0^t x (3\tau) d\tau$

 $(3) x(t)*\frac{d}{dt}x(t)$

Note: Please turn in your homework by 5:00pm, June 6.