

Homework No. 2 Solution

1.

$$(1) \quad (30\%) \quad x[n] = (-1)^n (u[n] - u[n-5]) \quad \text{and} \quad h[n] = u[n+2].$$

$$n+2 < 0, \quad n < -2, \quad w_n[k] = 0, \quad y[n] = 0$$

$$0 \leq n+2 \leq 4, \quad -2 \leq n \leq 2, \quad w_n[k] = (-1)^k, \quad 0 \leq k \leq n+2$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{n+2} (-1)^k = \begin{cases} 1, & n \text{ is odd} \\ 0, & n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

$$4 < n+2, \quad 2 < n, \quad w_n[k] = (-1)^k, \quad 0 \leq k \leq 4$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^4 (-1)^k = 1$$

$$(2) \quad (30\%) \quad x[n] = u[n] - u[-n] \quad \text{and} \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, & n \geq 0 \\ 4^n, & n < 0 \end{cases}.$$

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, & n \geq 0 \\ 4^n, & n < 0 \end{cases} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + 4^n u[-n-1]$$

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = u[n] * h[n] - u[-n] * h[n]$$

$$u[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n h[k]$$

$$n \geq 0,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=-\infty}^n h[k] &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{-1} 4^k + \sum_{k=0}^n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \\ &= (4^{-1} + 4^{-2} + \dots) + \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{3} + 2 \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right] = \frac{7}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \end{aligned}$$

$$n < 0,$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{k=-\infty}^n h[k] &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^n 4^k = 4^n + 4^{n-1} + \dots \\ &= 4^n (1 + 4^{-1} + \dots) = \frac{4}{3} 4^n\end{aligned}$$

$$u[-n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=n}^{\infty} h[k]$$

$$n \geq 0,$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{k=n}^{\infty} h[k] &= \sum_{k=n}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} + \dots = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots\right) = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n\end{aligned}$$

$$n < 0,$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{k=n}^{\infty} h[k] &= \sum_{k=n}^{-1} 4^k + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \\ &= 4^{-1} + 4^{-2} + \dots + 4^n + \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots\right) \\ &= 4^{-1} (1 + 4^{-1} + \dots + 4^{n+1}) + 2 \\ &= 4^{-1} \times \frac{4}{3} \times (1 - 4^n) + 2 = \frac{1}{3} (1 - 4^n) + 2 = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{4^n}{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y[n] &= \left[\frac{7}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \right] u[n] + \frac{4}{3} 4^n u[-n-1] - \left\{ 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + \left(\frac{7}{3} - \frac{4^n}{3}\right) u[-n-1] \right\} \\ &= \left[\frac{7}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \right] u[n] + \left\{ \frac{4}{3} 4^n - \left(\frac{7}{3} - \frac{4^n}{3}\right) \right\} u[-n-1] \\ &= \left[\frac{7}{3} - 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \right] u[n] + \left(\frac{5}{3} 4^n - \frac{7}{3} \right) u[-n-1]\end{aligned}$$

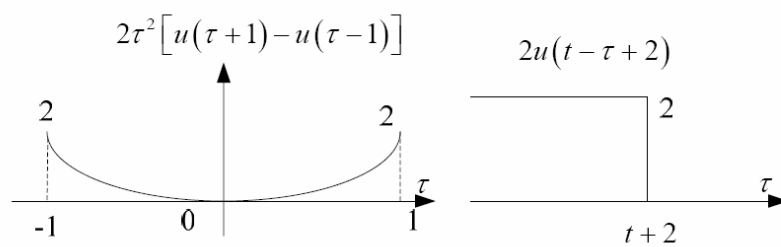
2. (20%)

$$y(t) = 2t^2 [u(t+1) - u(t-1)] * 2u(t+2).$$

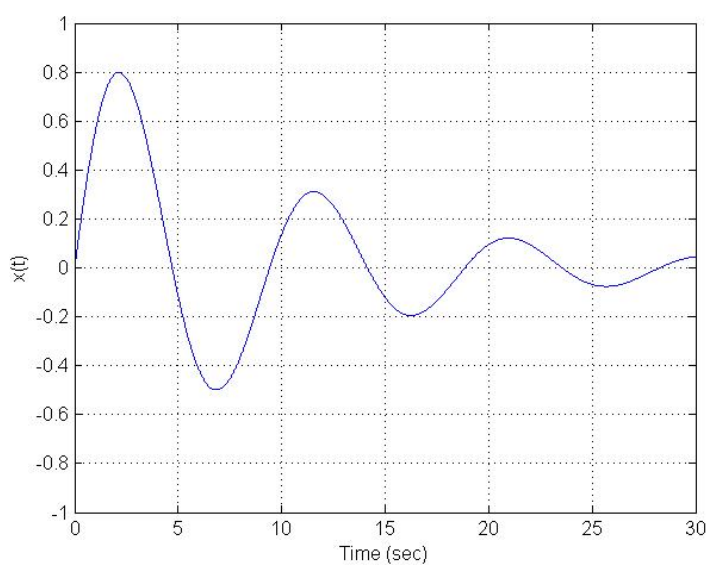
For $t+2 < -1$, $t < -3$, $y(t) = 0$.

$$\text{For } t+2 < 1, \quad -3 < t < -1, \quad y(t) = 2 \int_{-1}^{t+2} 2\tau^2 d\tau = \frac{4}{3} \tau^3 \Big|_{-1}^{t+2} = \frac{4}{3} [(t+2)^3 + 1].$$

$$\text{For } t+2 \geq 1, \quad -1 < t, \quad y(t) = 2 \int_{-1}^1 2\tau^2 d\tau = \frac{4}{3} \tau^3 \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{4}{3} [1+1] = \frac{8}{3}.$$



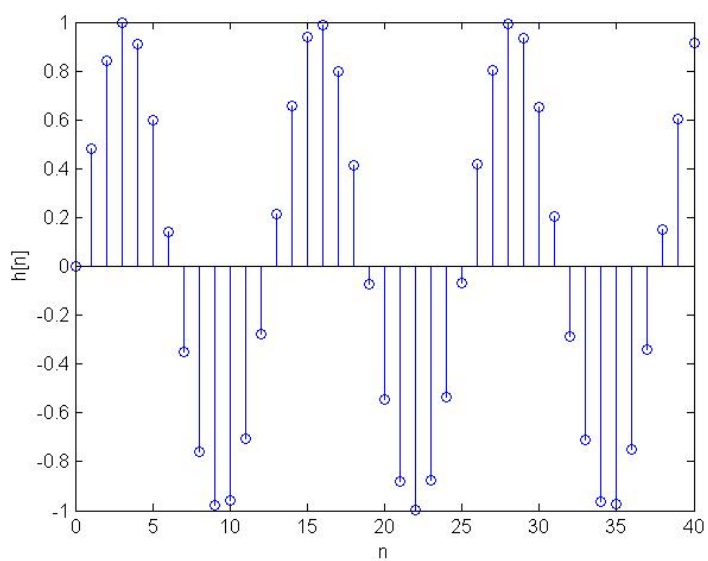
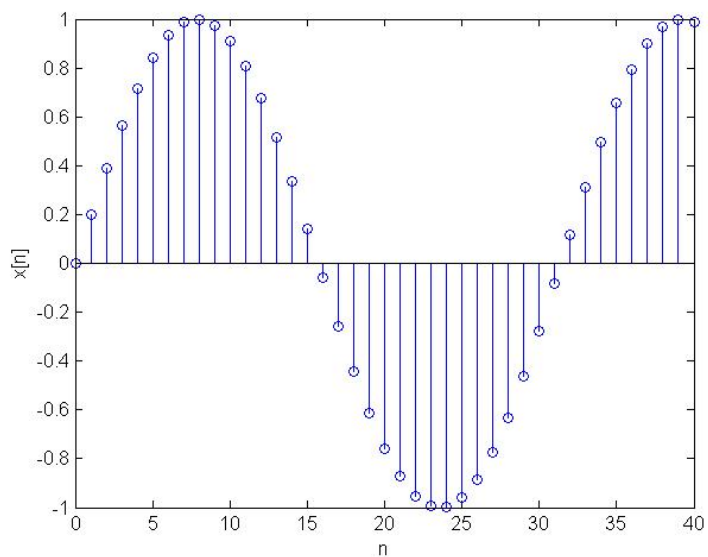
3. The plot of $x(t)$ is shown below. (10%)



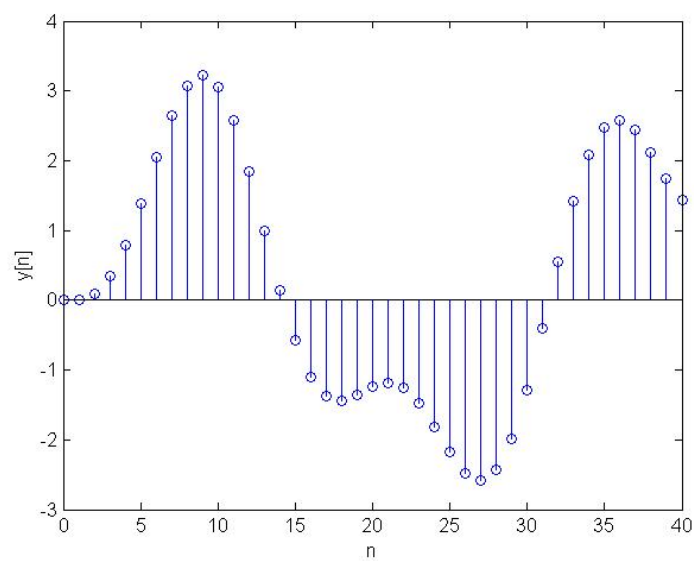
MATLAB code:

```
t = 0:0.01:30;
x = exp(-0.1*t).*sin(2/3*t);
plot(t,x)
grid
ylabel('x(t)')
xlabel('Time (sec)')
axis([0 30 -1 1]);
```

4.

(1) The plots of $x[n]$ and $h[n]$ are shown in the following. (20%)

(2) The plot of $y[n]$ is shown below. (20%)



MATLAB Code:

```
n = 0:40;
x = sin(0.2*n);
h = sin(0.5*n);
y = zeros(1,length(n));
for i = 1:41
    y(i) = 0;
    for j = 0:i-1
        y(i) = y(i) + x(j+1)*h(i-j);
    end
end
figure;
stem(n,x);
ylabel('x[n]');
xlabel('n');
figure;
stem(n,h);
ylabel('h[n]');
xlabel('n');
figure;
stem(n,y);
ylabel('y[n]');
xlabel('n');
```