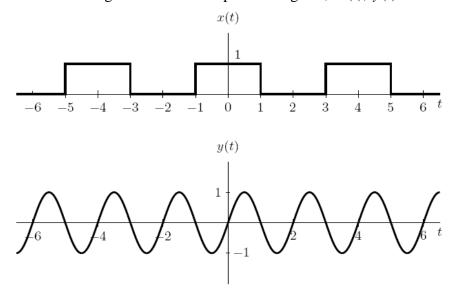
Homework No. 4 Due 18:10, April 23, 2009

1. Consider the following continuous time periodic signals, x(t), y(t).



- Determine the fundamental frequency, period, and Fourier series coefficients, *X*[*k*], for *x*(*t*). (10%)
- (2) Determine the fundamental frequency, period, and Fourier series coefficients, Y[k], for y(t). (10%)

2. Determine the time-domain signals represented by following Fourier series coefficients:

(1) $X[k] = j\delta[k-1] - j\delta[k+1] + \delta[k-3] + \delta[k+3], \ \omega_0 = 2\pi . (10\%)$

(2)
$$X[k] = \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^{|k|}, \ \omega_0 = \pi . (10\%)$$

3. Find the impulse response and the frequency response of the systems with input x(t) and output y(t):

(1)
$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t), y(t) = \left[e^{-2t} + e^{-3t}\right]u(t)$$
 (10%)
(2) $x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t), y(t) = 2(t-2)e^{-2(t-2)}u(t-2)$ (10%)

4. Use the tables of transforms and properties to find the Fourier transforms or the inverse Fourier transforms of the following signals: (40%)

(1)
$$x(t) = \sin(2\pi t)e^{-t}u(t)$$

(2) $x(t) = \left\lfloor \frac{\sin(2\pi t)}{\pi t} \right\rfloor \left\lfloor \frac{2\sin(3\pi t)}{\pi t} \right\rfloor$
(3) $X(\omega) = \frac{d}{d\omega} \left[4\sin(4\omega)\frac{\sin(2\omega)}{\omega} \right]$
(4) $X(\omega) = \frac{j\omega}{\left(1+j\omega\right)^2}$