Homework No. 7 Due 12:00 , June 5, 2007

1. Determine the **bilateral** Laplace transform and ROC for the following signals:

(1)
$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t+4)$$
 (7%) (2) $x(t) = \sin(t)u(t)$ (8%)

2. Use the tables of transforms and properties to determine the time signals that correspond to the following **bilateral** Laplace transforms:

(1)
$$X(s) = e^{5s} \frac{1}{s+2}$$
 with ROC $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} < -2$ (7%)
(2) $X(s) = s^{-1} \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{e^{-3s}}{s}\right)$ with ROC $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > 0$ (8%)

3. Use the method of partial fractions to determine the time signals corresponding to the following **bilateral** Laplace transform:

$$X\left(s\right) = \frac{-s-4}{s^2+3s+2}$$

- (1) With ROC $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} < -2$ (5%)
- (2) With ROC $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > -1$ (5%)
- (3) With ROC $-2 < \operatorname{Re}\{s\} < -1$ (5%)

4.

(1) A system has the indicated transfer function H(s). Determine the impulse response, assuming (a) that the system is causal and (b) that the system is stable. (10%)

$$H(s) = \frac{2s^2 + 2s - 2}{s^2 - 1}$$

(2) A stable system has the indicated input x(t) and output y(t). Use Laplace transforms to determine the transfer function and impulse response of the system. (10%)

$$x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t), y(t) = -2e^{-t}u(t) + 2e^{-3t}u(t)$$

- 5. Determine the **unilateral** Laplace transform of the following signals, <u>using the</u> <u>defining equation</u>:
 - (1) x(t) = u(t) u(t-6) (7%)

(2)
$$x(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(\pi t), \ 0 < t < 1 \\ 0, \ \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (8%)

6. Given the transform pair $x(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{2s}{s^2 + 2}$, where x(t) = 0 for t < 0, determine the Laplace transform of the following time signals: (20%)

(1)
$$x(t-1)$$
 (3) $e^{-3t}x(t)$

(2)
$$x(t) * \frac{d}{dt} x(t)$$
 (4) $\int_0^t x(3\tau) d\tau$