2018 Systems and Signals HW5

Due: 4/26 after class

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4.32. Consider an LTI system S with impulse response

$$h(t) = \frac{\sin(4(t-1))}{\pi(t-1)}.$$

Determine the output of S for each of the following inputs:

(a) $x_1(t) = \cos(6t + \frac{\pi}{2})$ (b) $x_2(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^k \sin(3kt)$ (c) $x_3(t) = \frac{\sin(4(t+1))}{\pi(t+1)}$ (d) $x_4(t) = (\frac{\sin 2t}{2})^2$

(d)
$$x_4(t) = (\frac{\sin 2t}{\pi t})$$

4.33. The input and the output of a stable and causal LTI system are related by the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 6\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 8y(t) = 2x(t)$$

- (a) Find the impulse response of this system.
- (b) What is the response of this system if $x(t) = te^{-2t}u(t)$?
- (c) Repeat part (a) for the stable and causal LTI system described by the equation

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + \sqrt{2} \frac{d y(t)}{dt} + y(t) = 2 \frac{d^2 x(t)}{dt^2} - 2x(t)$$