## EE231002 Introduction to Programming Lab03. Roman Numerals

## Due: Oct. 5, 2022

Roman numerals is a number system used in ancient Rome to represent integer numbers. In this system, seven letters are used. The letters and their values are shown in the following table.

Letter	Ι	V	Х	L	С	D	М
Value	1	5	10	50	100	500	1000

Note that there is no zero in the table since ancient Roman do not have the concept of zero. An integer represented in Roman numerals usually take more than one letter. In this case, the value is usually additive from left to right unless the letter on the immediate right has a larger value. In the latter case, the smaller value of the left letter is subtracted from the larger value of the right letter. Using this simple rule, some typical numbers are shown in the table below.

			MMMM4	
Roman numerals	Ι	II	III IV V VI VII VIII	IX
Decimal values	1	2	$\overline{3}$ $4$ $5$ $\overline{6}$ $7$ $8$	9
Roman numerals	Х	XX	XXX XL L LX LXX LXXX	XC
Decimal values	10	20	30 40 50 60 70 80	90
Roman numerals	С	CC	CCC CD D DC DCC DCCC	CM
Decimal values	100	200	300 400 500 600 700 800	900

Please write a C program to read an integer and then print out the Roman numerals with the same value. Examples of program execution are shown below.

```
$ ./a.out
Input an integer between 1 and 3000: 888
DCCCLXXXVIII
$ ./a.out
Input an integer between 1 and 3000: 2022
MMXXII
```

Notes.

- 1. Create a directory lab03 and use it as the working directory.
- 2. Name your program source file as lab03.c.

3. The first few lines of your program should be comments as the following.

// EE231002 Lab03. Roman Numerals
// ID, Name
// Date:

4. After finishing editing your source file, you can execute the following command to compile it,

\$ gcc lab03.c

If no compilation errors, the executable file, **a.out**, should be generated, and you can execute it by typing

\$ ./a.out

5. After you finish verifying your program, you can submit your source code by

 $\sim ee2310/bin/submit lab03 lab03.c$ 

If you see a "submitted" message, then you are done. In case you want to check which file and at what time you submitted your labs, you can type in the following command:

 $\sim ee2310/bin/subrec lab03$ 

It will show the last few submission records.

6. Since loops have not been covered yet, do not use loops in this lab.

