Introduction to Vim, I

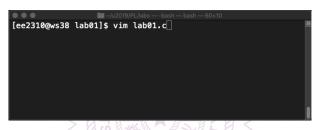
Introduction to Programming

EE231002

Sep. 16, 2019

Starting vim

• To start vim: vim file

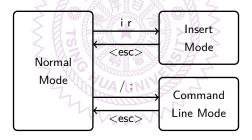


• For a new file



Three Modes in vim

- There are three modes in vim
 - Normal mode: copy, delete, paste
 - Insert mode: insert text
 - Command line mode: save file, exit, search and replace



Inserting Text

- When vim starts, it enters normal mode
- Press i to enter insert mode
 - Note the | -- INSERT -- | on the lower-left corner
 - You can type in C program at this time

Insert Mode

- In insert mode, you can type in texts
- To move cursor
 - \bullet \uparrow , \downarrow , \longleftarrow , \rightarrow keys move cursor in four directions
 - PgUp and PgDn keys scroll one page of text
 - Home key moves cursor to the beginning of the line
 - End key moves cursor to the end of the line
 - Tab key moves cursor to fixed columns (4x or 8x)
 - In our labs please use Tab key for indentation and each Tab key moves 4 spaces
- Press Esc key to return to normal mode

Quitting vim

- In normal mode, the following commands save file or quit vim program
 - :w: save typed inputs to the file
 - :q: quit vim program (no saving file)
 - :q! : forced quitting from vim program
 - Changes are not updated to the file
 - :wq: save file and then quit vim program
 - ZZ: same as wq but is a normal mode command
 - Note that that the above except **ZZ** are executed in command line mode

Show Line Numbers in vim

- vim does not show line numbers by default
 - Line numbers are very useful in debugging compiler errors
 - To show line number type in : set nu in normal mode

```
full of the second of the
```

```
6 {
       int deareeC. deareeF:
                                  // store temperatures
       printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
10
       scanf("%d", &degreeC);
                                                 // read temp
11
       degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0:
                                                 // conversion
12
       printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
13
       return 0:
14 }
:set nu
```

Color Text

- vim takes advantage of the color terminal to make the file more legible
- The text color can be turned off by using |:syntax off | command
- :syntax on turns on color text

```
int degreeC, degreeF; // store temperatures
   printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
   scanf("%d", &degreeC);
                                         // read temp
   degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0; // conversion
   printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
   return 0:
                                            13,10-13
:syntax on
                                                         Bot
   int degreeC, degreeF; // store temperatures
   printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
   scanf("%d", &degreeC);
                                            // read temp
   degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0; // conversion
   printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
    return 0:
:syntax off
                                            13.10-13
                                                         Bot
```

- This is the mode that I use to view your program
 - Be sure you program is very legible to me in this mode

Color Text, II

- Depending on terminal background, the text color may need to be adjusted
- |:set bg=dark

```
int degreeC, degreeF; // store temperatures

printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
scanf("%d", &degreeC); // read temp
degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0; // conversion
printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
return 0;
}
:set bg=dark
```

• :set bg=light

```
int degreeC, degreeF;  // store temperatures
printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
scanf("%d", &degreeC);  // read temp
degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0;  // conversion
printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
return 0;
}:set bg=light
```

Auto-indent

- In insert mode, after typing a line of text the cursor moves to the first column – not aligned with the indented text
- This can be changed by set ai, auto-indent, command
- | :set noai | sets no auto-indent

```
int degreeC, degreeF; // store temperatures
 printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
 scanf("%d", &degreeC);
                                         // read temp
 degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0; // conversion
 printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
INSERT --
                                         13,1
                                                      Bot
 int degreeC. degreeF: // store temperatures
 printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: "); // prompt
 scanf("%d", &degreeC);
                                      // read temp
 degreeF = degreeC * 9.0 / 5.0 + 32.0: // conversion
 printf("Temperature in Fahrenheit: %d\n", degreeF);
INSERT --
                                         13.2-5
                                                      Bot
```

.vimrc

- vim program executes the commands in .vimrc every time it is invoked.
- Please copy ∼ee2310/.vimrc to your home directory

```
~/u2019/PL/labs — bash — 63×10
[ee2310@ws38 lab01]$ cp ~ee2310/.vimrc ~
```

- This file sets
 - Auto-indent mode
 - Each | Tab | inserts 4 spaces

vim Tutorial

- \bullet vim program provides a tutorial for users to learn the easy commands
- At a linux terminal type in vimtutor as following to enter the tutorial

. . . [ee2310@ws38 lab01]\$ vimtutor

vim Tutorial, II

Most frequently used commands are demonstrated



Vim is a very powerful editor that has many commands, too many to explain in a tutor such as this. This tutor is designed to describe enough of the commands that you will be able to easily use Vim as an all-purpose editor.

The approximate time required to complete the tutor is 25-30 minutes, depending upon how much time is spent with experimentation.

ATTENTION:

The commands in the lessons will modify the text. Make a copy of this file to practice on (if you started "vimtutor" this is already a copy).

It is important to remember that this tutor is set up to teach by use. That means that you need to execute the commands to learn them properly. If you only read the text, you will forget the commands!