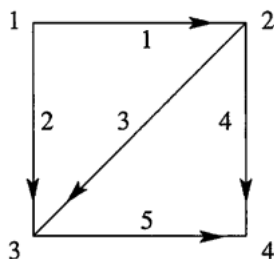


# 2018 Fall EECS205003 Linear Algebra - Homework 3

Name:

ID:

- With conductances  $c_1 = c_2 = 2$  and  $c_3 = c_4 = c_5 = 3$ , multiply the matrices  $A^T C A$ . Find a solution to  $A^T C A x = f = (1, 0, 0, -1)$ . Write these potentials  $x$  and currents  $y = -C A x$  on the nodes and edges of the square graph.



- (a) Find the condition on  $(b_1, b_2, b_3)$  for  $A \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  to be solvable.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 & 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) If  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the complete solution.

- Decide the dependence or independence of
  - the vectors  $(1, 3, 2)$  and  $(2, 2, 3)$  and  $(3, 3, 5)$
  - the vectors  $(1, -3, 2)$  and  $(2, 1, -3)$  and  $(-3, 2, 1)$ .

- Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find bases of four subspaces without computing  $A$ .

- Assume two  $m \times n$  matrices  $A = \begin{bmatrix} I & F_A \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} I & F_B \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  have the same four subspaces. Prove  $F_A = F_B$ .

6.  $\mathbf{M}$  is the space of 3 by 3 matrices. Multiply every matrix  $X$  in  $\mathbf{M}$  by

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Which matrices  $X$  lead to  $AX =$  zero matrix? And, what is the dimension of the space  $X$  spans?
- (b) Which matrices have the form  $AX$  for some matrix  $X$  ? Also, what is the dimension of the space it spans?