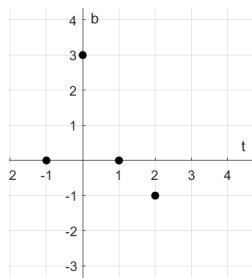


2017 Fall EE203001 Linear Algebra - Quiz 6

Name:

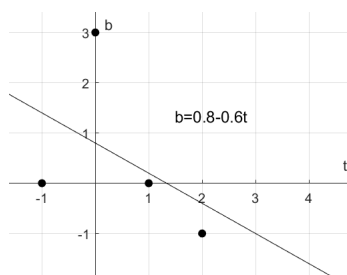
ID:

1. Given four points $(-1, 0)$, $(2, -1)$, $(0, 3)$, and $(1, 0)$.



- (a) Please find the closest line $b = C + Dt$ through these points.
 (b) What is the total vertical distance to this line?

Sol:



(a)

$$\begin{aligned} C - D &= 0 \\ C + 2D &= -1 \\ C &= 3 \\ C + D &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \hat{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ D \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve normal equation $A^T A \hat{\mathbf{x}} = A^T \mathbf{b}$.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C \\ D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix},$$

Get $C = 0.8$, $D = -0.6$, thus $b = 0.8 - 0.6t$ is the closest line.

(b)

The distances to $b = 0.8 - 0.6t$ for each point is:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{e} &= \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{p} \\ &= \mathbf{b} - A\hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1.4 \\ -0.4 \\ 0.8 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -1.4 \\ -0.6 \\ 2.2 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

The total vertical distance is the sum of absolute values of all elements of \mathbf{e} , which is 4.4.