Midterm Exam #2 $P(X, \xi, \xi) \leq \xi$

EE 3060

- 1. (a) (3%) What is a probability space?
 - (b) (3%) What is a measurable space and what is a measurable function?
 - (c) (2%) What is a Borel σ -algebra?
 - (d) (2%) What is a random variable and what is a random vector?
- 2. There are n_1 red balls, n_2 blue balls, and n_3 white balls in a box. These balls successively and randomly drawn from the box.
- (a) (7%) What is the probability that a red ball is drawn before a blue ball is drawn if the balls are drawn with replacement?
- (b) (8%) What is the probability that a red ball is drawn before a blue ball is drawn if the balls are drawn without replacement and without knowing the colors of the balls already drawn?
- 3. (10%) There are n_1 red balls and n_2 blue balls in box 1 and there are m_1 red balls and m_2 blue balls in box 2. A box is randomly selected and a ball is randomly drawn from the selected box and is observed to be a red ball and then returned to the selected box. If a second ball is randomly drawn from the selected box, what is the probability that it is red?
- **4.** (10%) Let X be a random variable of a probability space (Ω, \mathcal{A}, P) and let $Y = \min\{X, 5\}$. Express the distribution function $F_X(t)$ of Y in terms of the distribution function $F_X(t)$ of X.
- **5.** (15%) An ordinary deck of 52 cards is well-shuffled, and then the cards are turned face up one by one until an ace appears. Let X be the number of cards that are face up. Find E[X] and Var(X).
- **6.** Suppose that there are N families in the world and the maximum number of children a family has is c. Let α_j be the fraction of families with j children for $j=1,2,\ldots,c$ (so that $\sum_{j=1}^c \alpha_j=1$). A child is randomly selected from the set of all of the children in the world. Let the selected child be the X^{th} oldest child in his/her family.
 - (a) (10%) What is the probability mass function of the random variable X?
 - (b) (10%) What is E[X]?
- 7. (10%) Accidents occur at an intersection at a Poisson rate of three per day. What is the probability that during January there are exactly three days (not necessarily consecutive) without any accidents?
- **8.** (10%) A fair coin is flipped repeatedly. What is the probability that the fifth tail occurs before the tenth head?

Good luck!