

Answers without **supporting work** or **necessary unit** will not be given full credit. If the meaning of the question isn't clear, please ask TA! You have **25mins** to complete this mini-test.

- Q.1** Figure 1. shows two deflecting plates, there is a charge particle with mass 10^{-10} kg and a negative charge of magnitude $Q = 10^{-12} \text{ C}$ enters the region between the plates, initially moving along the x-axis with speed $v_x = 20 \text{ m/s}$, the length of each plate is 1 cm . The electric field induced by plates has a magnitude of $4 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$ point downward. What's the angle between instantaneous velocity and x-axis when the particle leaving the plates? (10 points)

$$F = QE, a_y = \frac{F}{M} = \frac{QE}{M}$$

$$\Delta = v_x t, t = \frac{L}{v_x}$$

$$v_y = a_y t = \frac{QE}{M} \frac{L}{v_x} = \frac{10^{-12} \cdot 4 \times 10^6}{10^{-10}} \cdot \frac{10^{-2}}{20} = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{v_x}{v_y} = 1, \tan \theta = 1, \rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{4} \#$$

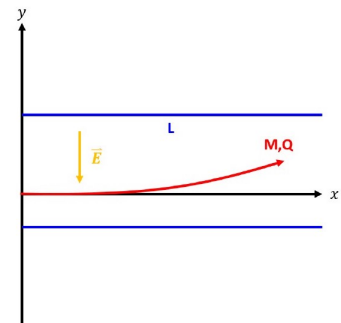


Figure 1

- Q.2** There is a sphere of radius $R = 10 \text{ (m)}$ with spherically symmetric charge distribution. The volume charge density is non-uniform, which follows the function of radius r is $\rho = r^2 \left(\frac{\text{C}}{\text{m}^3}\right)$. The vacuum permittivity is ϵ_0 .
- (a) What are the enclosed charges in the concentric spherical Gaussian surfaces of radius $r = 5 \text{ (m)}$ and 15 (m) ? (6 points) (b) What are the electric fields on above two Gaussian surfaces? (4 points)